

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 385.

TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1883.

SIX DOLLARS
PER QUARTER.

For Sale.

PIANO PORTES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have been appointed AGENTS in Hongkong for the Sale of the
PIANOFORTES
MANUFACTURED BY
BROADWOOD, COLLARD & COLLARD, and
CHAPPELL, of London, and they have on view, for Sale or Hire, a Large Selection of various Styles,
Comprising—
A BROADWOOD'S CONCERT GRAND, COTTAGE GRANDS, SHORT-GRANDS, COTTAGE PIANOS AND PIANINOS,
made expressly for this Climate.

They have also for Sale CHAPPELL'S Latest MUSIC, including "JOLANTHE," GILBERT and SULLIVAN'S Latest OPERA.

PIANOS tuned and kept in thorough Repair by an experienced TUNER from Messrs. BROADWOOD & SONS.

Hongkong, 18th April, 1883. [296]

Insurances.

YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up) ... £1,200,000
PERMANENT RESERVE FUND ... £1,200,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND ... £1,200,000

TOTAL CAPITAL and ACCUMULATIONS, 8th May, 1882 ... £1,200,000

DIRECTORS.

H. DE C. FORES, Esq., Chairman.
J. H. PINCKVOSS, Esq., Wm. MEYERINCK, Esq.,
A. J. M. INVERARITY, Esq., G. H. WHEELER, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.

Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH.

Messrs. BARRING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent,
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

Policies granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the world.

Subject to a charge of 12 per cent. for Interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business (whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to the premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1883. [83]

THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD of UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

RECORD OF AMERICAN and FOREIGN SHIPPING.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [457]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED) ... \$1,000,000.

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN

Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1883. [106]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED).

CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, EQUAL \$333,333-33-33.
RESERVE FUND ... \$70,858-27.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq., LEE YAT LAU, Esq.,
LO YOK MOON, Esq., CHU CHIK NUNG, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [601]

MR. MOORE begs to recommend his GOGO SHAMPOO WASH.

to the public as unrivalled by any preparation ever produced for promoting the growth of the hair. The basis of this compound is made of soap root; the natives of the Philippine Islands never use anything else for washing their hair; they are never found bald, and it is quite common to see the females with hair from 5 to 6 feet long. By constantly using this Shampoo Wash as directed, you will NEVER BE BALD.

The proprietor offers the Wash to the public entirely confident that by its restorative properties it will without fail arrest decaying hair. It completely eradicates scurf, dandruff, and cures all diseases of the scalp. It does not contain any poisonous drugs. By its cooling properties it allays the itching and fever of the scalp, which is the great cause of people losing their hair.

Mr. MOORE has succeeded in being able to put this wash-up in bottles without allowing it to ferment, and he will guarantee it to keep any length of time in any climate.

FOR SALE ONLY BY MOORE & Co.,
10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 25th January, 1883. [93]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on
SATURDAY,
the 28th day of April, 1883, at No. 131, Queen's Road East, (opposite the French Consulate), at NOON,—
THE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
OF A GENTLEMAN LEAVING THE COLONY,
consisting of
DINING, DRAWING, and BED ROOM
SUITES.

Also,
One HARMONIUM by BOOSEY 5 Octaves.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash.

J. M. GUEDES, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 23rd April, 1883. [316]

FURNITURE SALE.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions from R. G. ALFORD, Esq., to Sell by Public Auction, at his Residence No. 5, West Terrace, on
MONDAY,
the 30th instant, at 2.30 P.M.
HIS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
Comprising—
EBONIZED DRAWING ROOM CHAIRS,
COUCHES and TABLES; CARPETS, CURTAINS, MIRRORS, DINING TABLE, SIDEBOARD CROCKERY and GLASSWARE, IRON BEDSTEDS and MATTRESSES, WARDROBES, CHEST OF DRAWERS, TOILET GLASSES, DRESSING TABLES, &c., &c.

Also,
A COTTAGE PIANO by LUNAN of LUBECK.

Catalogues will be issued, and the Furniture on view, on the morning of the day of Sale.

TERMS—Cash.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1883. [308]

Intimations.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHOPKEEPERS AND OTHERS.

THE DIRECTORS are prepared to let for a term not exceeding FIVE YEARS (after completion) SIX HANDSOME SHOPS on the Basement of the Hotel Building.

For further particulars, apply to
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 17th April, 1883. [296]

THE CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that ORIGINAL SCRIP CERTIFICATE No. 1,973, dated 18th June, 1880, for THREE SHARES in the above Company, standing in the name of REUBEN SOLOMON, has been LOST, and should the same not be produced before the 6th May next, a Duplicate thereof will be issued to REUBEN SOLOMON, and no transaction taking place under the said ORIGINAL SCRIP CERTIFICATE, No. 1,973, will be recognized by the Company.

By Order,
D. MCLAURIN,
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 10th April, 1883. [278]

NOTICE.

THE OFFICES of the Undersigned have this day been REMOVED to the 1st Floor of 43, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, above Achee's Furniture Store.

DENNYS & MOSSOP,
Solicitors and Notaries Public.

Hongkong, 31st March, 1883. [246]

INTIMATION.

SIGNOR ANTONIO CATTANEO, of the CONSERVATOIRE DE BERGAMO and late of the ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY has the honor to inform the community that he has arranged to remain in Hongkong, and will give lessons in Music, Singing and the Pianoforte.

CHARGES STRICTLY MODERATE.

Address—Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 1st March, 1883. [168]

LOST.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON between Murray Pier and Government House, A GOLD LOCKET, with MONOGRAM and Crest.

The Finder will be REWARDED, if necessary, on RETURNING the same to the
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE.

Hongkong, 4th April, 1883. [260]

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE AND PORTER.

DAVID CORSAIR & SONS' MERCHANT NAVY NAVY BOILED LONG FLAX CROWN

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [458]

ISMAIL ELLIAS, MILLINER & DRAPER, GENERAL DEALER IN EUROPEAN GOODS, INDIAN SHOP-KEEPER, INDIAN USEFUL ARTICLES OF CLOTHING.

ALL AT MODERATE RATES.

No. 38, LYNDHURST TERRACE, HONGKONG.

FRENCH Prints for Dresses, different patterns; French Embroidery, edging and insertion; Indian Malmai and Jagannath Cloth; Cotton, Dhoria, and Cotton Gauze; Quilling Cloth; Gauze Flannels, different kinds; Shawl Flannels, Victoria Lawns, Table Cloths, white and coloured; American Dills; Gentlemen's Gauze Under-shirts, Kurky, Towels, Table Cloth, Toilet Covers, Mosquito Net, Window Curtains, Ribbons of all sorts, Ladies' Boys' and Girls' Shoes, Combs, Stockings, Socks, Pin Cushions, Grenadine Silk, Gentlemen's Collars, Gentlemen's Shirts, &c., &c.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1883. [311]

Intimations.

W. BREWER.

HAS JUST RECEIVED.

MY QUEEN WALTZ.
VIOLETTES WALTZ.
LE PREMIER PAS POLKA.
ALL WALTZES OF THE WALTZES.

SWEETHEARTS WALTZ.
OFFICERS WALTZ.
TRU TILL DEATH SONG.
CRAMER'S DANCE ALBUMS.

NEW BOOKS.

BADERS TRAVELS IN WESTERN CHINA.

MAX MULLER'S INDIA.

CRANES LECTURES ON ART.

NEW PARLIAMENTARY BLUE BOOKS ON CHINA.

LECKY'S WRINKLES IN NAVIGATION.

PARALLEL NEW TESTAMENTS.

THE AUSTRALIANS IN ENGLAND.

LANDELL'S THROUGH SIBERIA.

GLAZEBROOK'S PHYSICAL OPTICS.

THE AGE OF FIRE AND GRAVEL BY DONNELLY.

SEDDWICK'S LIGHT.

GAELIC PROVERBS.

FOREIGN OFFICE LIST.

SWINBURNE'S POEMS AND BALLADS.

PROCTOR'S LEISURE READINGS.

CASSELL'S DICTIONARY OF COOKERY.

MARKHAM'S WAR BETWEEN PERU AND CHILL.

COAN'S LIFE IN HAWAII.

OSWALD'S ZOOLOGICAL STUDIES.

GRIFFITH'S COREA.

BONWICK'S PORT PHILLIP SETTLEMENT.

NEW SYSTEMS OF LEARNING LANGUAGES.

ARTISTS' GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.

BEZIQUE AND SQUEEZER PLAYING CARDS.

NEW FANCY GOODS.

W. BREWER, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1883.

KELLY & WALSH'S NEW AND POPULAR MUSIC.

SONGS.

Some Day M. Wellings.

The Romya Lass Stephen Adams.

For Pity's Sake Stephen Adams.

Moon-Daisies Stephen Adams.

In a Quiet Old Village A. S. Gatty.

Going to Market L. Diehl.

O Strange and Sweet Nessler.

When I was young Nessler.

Woman's Love and Kisses Nessler.

The Pride O' Deal Kiaross.

King Henry's Song A. Sullivan.

The Bell-Ringer Wallace.

Thine Image only Nessler.

Sprung a Leak Stephen Adams.

At the Porch Caldwell.

A Song of Delos Lonasil.

The Bird and the Cross Molloy.

Three Merry Men Molloy.

Old Weathercock Seymour Smith.

Old Island So Green Forman.

Love's Secret Sung by Mrs. Langtry.

The Haven of Rest Marriot.

One among Twenty Bentley.

Lyke as a Ship Cunyngame.

Requiescat Stanford.

Le Parlate d'Amor Gounod.

True British Soldier Barnett.

Outside the door to me E. M. St. John.

Beyond the Stars Barri.

So the World goes Bendish.

Sweet Day so Cool Sullivan.

Yeoman's Wedding Song Poniatowski.

The Miller and the Maid Marzials.

Leaving yet Loving Marzials.

In the North Countree Marzials.

If only Marzials.

Told in the Twilight Molloy.

Because I do Molloy.

Great Grandmother Molloy.

Little Maid of China Molloy.

Hearts Pinaut.

The British Tar F. Moir.

Teach me to forget F. Moir.

Behind the Clouds Coward.

At the Ferry M. Wellings.

Kismet Molloy.

Death or Glory Maitei.

The Reason Why Adelmann.

Father O' Flynn Stanford.

Il Mio Carlo Campana.

The Little Hero Stephen Adams.

His Fame A. L. Mora.

To be or Not to be Hutchinson.

Gold F. L. Moir.

Is my lover on the Sea F. L. Moir.

One, two, three Berger.

Sprig of Edelweiss Jacob.

The old Barge Debrend.

In the Gloaming Lady A. Hill.

At Noon tide Lady A. Hill.

In the Moonlight Lady A. Hill.

Norah L. Diehl.

Jack and Jill Tovey.

The Old Poetry Molloy.

DANCE MUSIC.

My Queen Valse Coote.

Dolores Valse Waldeufel.

Dreamland Valse Waldeufel.

Au Printemps Valse Waldeufel.

La Source Valse Waldeufel.

Le Premier Baiser Valse Waldeufel.

Valse Vénitienne Waldeufel.

Down Stream Waltzes Henry.

Les Yeux de Fanchette Valse Robinson.

Secret of Love Waltz Greville.

Scotch Beauties Waltz Crowe.

Whip Poor Will Waltz Kinkel.

Mello Valse Waldeufel.

Valse-Galop Maitei.

Day and Night Quadrilles Williams.

Phoebe Polka Grenville.

La Mascotte Quadrille Demarsart.

Evelyn Polka Marriot.

Claude Duval Polka Grenville.

Boccaccio Polka Béane.

Boccaccio Quadrille Coote.

Claude Duval Quadrille Coote.

Billee Taylor Quadrille Grenville.

Sweet Kiss Polka Kinkel.

Black Satin Polka E. Piron.

A Ton Bras Polka Rieffler.

KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG.

Hongkong, April 14th, 1883.

JUST RECEIVED.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

SHOES.

CHILDRENS' FROM \$0.35 PER PAIR.

LADIES' FROM \$1.00 PER PAIR.

ROSE & CO.

31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 2nd April, 1883.

SAYLE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

SAYLE & CO.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

EX S.S. "GLENCOE."

EX S.S. "GLENOGLE."

WHITE DRESS MATERIALS.

GREY DRESS MATERIALS.

NUNS' VEILINGS in every Color.

SUMMER BEIGES in every Color.

GALATEES for Boys' Washing Suits.

WHITE INDIA MUSLINS.

MULL CORD MUSLINS.

WHITE VICTORIA LAWNS.

BLACK and COLORED SUNSHADES.

LADIES' SATENS, LEATHER SLIPPERS.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES.

New Patterns in POMPADOUR SATENS.

Plain Colored SATENS in every Shade.

FRENCH PERCALES in every Pattern.

Specialties in ZEPHYR CHECKS.

CANVAS CORSETS for Summer Wear.

SUMMER PAJAMAH FLANNELS.

Novelties in LADIES' SILK UMBRELLAS.

Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.

FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRYMEN,
PERFUMERS,
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS
OF
MANILA CIGARS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
AND
MANUFACTURERS
OF

AERATED WATERS.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

THE SHANGHAI PHARMACY,
24, NANKIN ROAD, SHANGHAI.

NOTICIA INGLESA,
14, ESCOLTA, MANILA.

THE CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON.

THE DISPENSARY, FOCHOW. [3]

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph" and not to the Editor.
Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, but not necessarily for publication; but as evidence of good faith.

Whilst the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than THREE O'CLOCK so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Arrangements have been made to publish The Hongkong Telegraph daily at 4 P.M. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their copies before FIVE O'CLOCK will oblige by at once communicating with the Manager.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1883.

By the departure of Mr. C. V. CREAGH, deputy superintendent of police, who left by the steamer *Bangalore* this afternoon for Perak, where he will assume the position of assistant Resident, the Colony loses the services of an old and experienced officer, who has shown great energy and zeal and exceptional ability in various high positions of responsibility and trust. Before coming to Hongkong Mr. CREAGH held the appointment of assistant district superintendent of the first class in the Punjab police, and in 1866 he passed the highest police examination, and also the second standard in oriental languages. A year later he was engaged to raise a detachment of Sikhs to re-inforce the Hongkong police, and accepted the office of deputy superintendent, an appointment which he has held with credit to himself, and advantage to the colony for the long period of 16 years. During his lengthy term of service Mr. CREAGH has filled various positions with very considerable ability. In 1868 he was made a justice of the peace, and six years later was appointed sheriff. During the absence of Mr. W. M. DEANE in 1869, he acted as captain-superintendent of police, and again from 1877 to 1878. For some time in 1877 he was *aide-de-camp* to Governor HENNESSY, and from 1878 to the end of 1879 he filled the offices of acting police magistrate, coroner, and superintendent of the government fire brigade. After a long stay in England on leave, Mr. CREAGH returned to Hongkong a few months ago, and resumed his old position as deputy superintendent of police and chief of the fire brigade. Shortly after his arrival the important appointment of Assistant Resident at Perak was offered to him, and accepted.

Mr. CREAGH, from his long experience and natural aptitude for the duties, proved an admirable superintendent of police. Not satisfied with knowing the mere routine of the department, by perseverance and study he made himself thoroughly acquainted with every detail of police business. Both on the magisterial bench and as coroner he occasionally made slight mistakes, but certainly not to the extent that has marked the regime of other officers who have held the same positions. As superintendent of the fire brigade Mr. CREAGH was in his element, and the great interest he invariably took in this important branch of the government service, is plainly evidenced by his present comparative efficiency. During his stay

at home he had made himself practically acquainted with the thorough working of the fire brigades in London and other large cities, and, we understand, that on his return to the Colony he embodied his experiences in a series of suggestions, which were laid before the local government, advocating several important reforms in the existing system.

The popularity of Mr. CREAGH amongst his subordinates has been practically demonstrated by the recognition which has been taken of his retirement from the service. First the Chinese, then the Indian, and lastly the European members of the force waited on him, and after presenting him with valuable tokens of their regard, expressed their regret at his departure from the Colony, their appreciation of his never varying kindness and courtesy, and their hearty wishes for his future welfare.

With the clique that has vainly attempted to officially degrade and socially ostracise every government servant that refused to declare himself an enemy of Sir JOHN POPE HENNESSY, Mr. CREAGH has been for some years rather out of favor. Too honourable and independent to sacrifice his principles for the doubtful honor of being petted and patronized by place-seeking renegades and "shoddy" self constituted leaders of public opinion, Mr. CREAGH, to his credit be it said, remained a steadfast adherent of His Excellency to the last. When the future history of Hongkong comes to be written, it is from Governor HENNESSY's public acts and from the evidence of government officials and gentlemen of the character and stamp of Mr. CHARLES VANDELEUR CREAGH, that the historian will obtain a reliable account of what actually transpired from 1877 to 1882. We respectfully offer Mr. CREAGH our congratulations and good wishes, and trust that the energy, perseverance and ability which have hitherto so distinguished his public career, may quickly enable him to gain further advancement in the service of his country.

SIR GEORGE PHILLIPPO and the intelligent gentlemen of the jury who decided that it was possible to libel the notorious BANDMANN, will soon have an opportunity of seeing whether the tragic hero, who battled so manfully for his saintly reputation in an out-of-the-way corner of the earth like Hongkong, possesses the courage to attempt to maintain the position he so successfully upheld here, in the principal city of the southern hemisphere. BANDMANN has gone to Australia, and he will no doubt visit Sydney. It will be remembered that the sting of the paragraph, which an omniscient Hongkong judge and a jury composed of men of the world decided to be a libel—an offence which the judge, in his infinite wisdom, considered could only be expiated by a sentence of two months' imprisonment—was contained in an allusion to a celebrated assault case in which "Trompet-blower" played a prominent part. We alluded to the self-assured greatest of all tragedians as "the hero of the dastardly outrage on Mrs. ROUSBY," an insinuation which caused a terrible commotion in the mainly bosoms of the Chief Justice and the learned counsel for the defence, and elicited several electric outbursts of indignant eloquence at this meek and virtuous apostle of the tragic muse being so unkindly pilloried. Our Sydney namesake has gone a long way beyond implying that the talented author of "Dragic Flower" was not altogether guiltless in the ROUSBY scandal; in its issue of the 19th ulto, the Sydney *Telegraph* deliberately asserts that BANDMANN did assault Mrs. ROUSBY.

Will the chivalrous knight of the sock and buskin institute criminal proceedings against the editor of the Sydney *Telegraph*, for publishing in the most pointed manner, what a Hongkong judge and jury decided was a libel of the grossest description? We trow not. One of the witnesses in the Hongkong libel case remarked, in answer to a question, that Mr. BANDMANN's true character was well known in America; it is also happily well known—too well known—in the Australian colonies. In Hongkong HERB BANDMANN was so far removed from civilisation and intelligent knowledge of the outer world, that he could safely play for his pound of flesh without running any great risk of a 'thorough exposure.' Fortune favored him even beyond his own expectations. Witnesses who could have damned him beyond all hope of obtaining a verdict, considered it pollitic to withhold evidence that would have sent the jury into fits, and made every hair of the judge's wig stand on end. And as a consequence we were made the victim of a law which is a standing disgrace to our criminal code. In Sydney, however, if BANDMANN indicted the *Telegraph* for libel he would be thoroughly shown up in the first place; kicked out of court in the second, and to wind up with, probably lynched or ducked in the harbour. Commenting on the

recent disgraceful conduct of Shakespeare's patron in Calcutta, to which we referred some time ago, the Sydney *Telegraph* of March 19th, says:—"HERB BANDMANN has fallen foul of the Calcutta press and has come off worst. He first of all had a row with the *Indian Daily News* (Napier), then he quarrelled with the *Englishman* (Farrell), and lastly with the "Statesman and Friend of India" (Riach). To the last he sent an insulting letter daring Mr. RIACH to publish it, and Mr. Riach did so with a characteristic and bitterly sarcastic remark impugning BANDMANN's claim to gentility. BANDMANN was unlucky in getting the Opera House in the city of palaces. It is a corrugated iron erection in an out of the way thoroughfare, and ruined *Calet*, and some subscribers. BANDMANN has a penchant for addressing audiences when they do not turn up in sufficient numbers. We remember a representation of "Hamlet" by him once in Lynn Regis (Norfolk). There were only present four representatives of a country family (in a box) two women, a boy, the caretaker, and the "chucker out." In the second act he (BANDMANN) came forward and girded on the stupidity of Lynn in not at once recognising his merit. The boy and the "chucker out" applauded, the old woman and the caretaker did likewise, and the country family adjourned before the last act had closed. This was before Mr. BANDMANN had assaulted Mrs. ROUSBY, and had become notorious."

The above extract speaks for itself. His Honour the Chief Justice will no doubt remember that HERB BANDMANN stated on oath in the witness box that when he appeared at Drury Lane as Hamlet, after the decision in the ROUSBY trial, the audience stood up and applauded him for ten minutes. His Honour will also remember alluding specially to this important fact (?) in his address to the jury, and how Mr. J. FRANCIS unctuously dwelt on this remarkable ovation! Of course everybody now knows that BANDMANN was hissed off the stage, as he has frequently been since in other parts of the world. It seems that even in a remote provincial town like Lynn Regis, Hamlet in black thread gloves, would not go down. In fact, BANDMANN's "melancholy Dane" has never been a success anywhere, always excepting in the Supreme Court of Hongkong, and on that particular occasion he had the unusual advantage of being permitted to play in his own style, using his own choice diction, and the extraordinary privilege of being permitted to lie most outrageously to his own advantage, without check or interruption. We sincerely hope that the maligned tragedian will decide to prosecute the editor of our Sydney contemporary, as the disclosures which must be forthcoming will enable us to complete the mission we have undertaken to carry out, in order to convince Sir GEORGE PHILLIPPO and the worthy jurors that the *Telegraph* libel case was a burlesque on law, and something very like an outrage on justice.

TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, April 23rd.

LATEST FROM THE CAPE.
Mr. Kruger has been elected President of the Transvaal.

GREAT FIRE IN LIVERPOOL.

A great fire has broken out at Liverpool; the loss is estimated at two hundred thousand pounds.

April 23rd.

THE PHOENIX PARK MURDERS.
Another Phoenix Park murderer has been sentenced to death.

The Jury were unable to agree as to the next Phoenix Park murderer on trial.

THE "NEW GUINEA" QUESTION.

The Premier in reply to a question, said that the Government would take no step relative to the annexation of New Guinea until despatches have been received from the Government of Queensland, but that the annexation was invalid without the Imperial sanction.

THE RUSSIAN CORONATION.

The coronation of the Emperor and Empress of Russia is fixed for May 27th.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A SCIENTIFIC contemporary states that three-fourths of all German beer is brewed from potatoes.

We would remind members of the Engineers' Institute of the general meeting, to be held this evening at 8 o'clock.

It is affirmed that under the most favorable conditions of agriculture in the British Islands the country contains 12,000,000 more people than it can feed.

We are informed by the Agents (Messrs. Adamson, Bell & Co.) that the steamer *Gordon Carr*, from London, left Singapore for this port on the 19th instant.

An equestrian group of all the Commanders in the late Egyptian campaign is being painted by Chevalier Deshayes. The Pyramids in the background localise the scene.

A PARADE and inspection of the Government and Volunteer Fire Brigades will take place at the Central Fire Brigade Station at half-past three o'clock on Thursday afternoon.

We are informed by the Agents (Messrs. Russell & Co.) that the Union line steamer *Mosser* left Singapore for this port last Thursday morning, and may be expected to arrive here to-morrow.

We regret to learn that Mr. Fairlie, chief officer of the steamship *Hacan*, which according to latest reports was badly on shore in the Peiho river, has had the misfortune to break his leg owing to the parting of a hawser when an attempt was being made to get the steamer off.

WILLIAM THORBOURN, of England, a seaman, was up before Mr. Wodehouse this morning on a charge of being drunk and incapable in Queen's Road East yesterday. Thorbourne admitted the offence and retired into Hayward's Hotel for a 24 hours' spell of imprisonment, being unable to ante up the fine of fifty cents.

A TELEGRAM from the chief of the working party on the Canton-Telegraph line, was received by Mr. Ho Amel late last night, which states that the work is still proceeding most satisfactorily and without any opposition from the natives. Twenty-one hundred and eighty six poles have now been erected, covering a distance of close upon one hundred miles.

We are informed by the agents, (Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co.) that the steamship *Bowen* left Port Darwin for Hongkong on the 19th instant, and is due here on the 30th. The *Catterthun* was advertised to leave Sydney on the 14th instant, and is due to arrive here on or about the 8th proximo. The steamer *Tamadiac* arrived in Sydney on the 11th instant.

We hear that the recent action of the German man-of-war in Swatow is likely enough to lead to diplomatic complications between Germany and China. It is reported, apparently on good grounds, that the Chinese Minister at Berlin has been instructed to remonstrate with the German Government and to demand satisfaction on account of the unjustifiable procedure of the German Consul at Swatow in forcibly taking possession of a plot of land at that port.

A PARLIAMENTARY return has been issued of the number of agrarian outrages in Ireland during March. The total number was 54, but 33 of these consisted of threatening letters, and six resistance to legal process. Four incendiary fires were reported, and three cases of killing or maiming cattle. There was only one offence against the person, and that an assault endangering life. In the West Riding of York there were two cases of firing into dwellings.

A CONTEMPORARY says that aristocratic society in France is outraged because while Gladstone was at Cannes he was introduced to Clemenceau, the leader of the radical Republicans, whom the monarchical elements in France make a sickly attempt to socially ostracise. Gladstone, who knows a man when he sees one, probably entertains a profound contempt for social pretension when it proceeds to the extreme of ostracising such a man as Clemenceau.

A RECENT novel has a heroine becomingly dressed thus: A violet robe of some filmy French goods fell in graceful folds of Rembrandtesque shadow about the elegance and symmetry of her form, a polonaise of solid "point d'Angleterre" dropped its silver foam from her throat, tastefully decorated with sprays of scarlet geranium, and a fashionable Parisian hat concealed her auree brow and temples. She was drifting over the vast expanse of the gulf in "a light, picturesque felucca." Here is a capital idea for some imaginative member of our local Sketching Club who dotes on the beautiful.

JAMES KING and Daniel Flanagan, both hailing from the Emerald Isle, had a short interview with Mr. Wodehouse this morning on a charge of being under the influence of fire water, and also of being boisterous in the street last evening at 8 o'clock. Henry George Baker, P.C. 20, stated that he saw the two "Murphes" kicking up a rumpus and told them to go away. They not only deliberately refused to take the police's kind advice, but made use of some very insulting observations towards that worthy protector of the peace. Both parties admitted the charge, but King, being less fortunate as a holder of this world's riches than his chum Flanagan, was forced to retire into the "Hotel" for two days' imprisonment, while his comrade anted up a Mexican and went off to enjoy the balmy breezes of Queen's Road West.

THE remand case in which Leong Ahop and Wong Ahuk were charged with attacking Lau Awah, an apothecary, in the public street, and cutting him in the abdomen with a knife or other sharp instrument, was again before Captain Thomson this morning. The apothecary is "a feeble man and old" as the poet hath it, and only recently arrived from Saigon. The defendants are evidently members of the "long firm" who watch the return of Celestials from other countries for the purpose of walking through their "props." It is a well known fact that the Chinese, instead of bringing their pile in the form of a bank draft, are very fond of sewing their savings in their under jackets, many of their garments being filled with gold pieces, quilled in. The apothecary was evidently taken for one of these well feathered birds of passage, and was pounced upon in quite the garrotting style. Mr. Leong collaring him round the neck and dashing him to the ground while his pal Wong was busy with a knife about his girdle purse. The swag collared only amounted to a couple of dollars and four keys. The ancient apothecary was so hurt that he had to go into hospital for repairs, where the skillful treatment applied to him soon got him all right. As a matter of course the defendants said they had been arrested by mistake, but as the evidence produced very clearly showed that both Leong and Wong are a long way from being the clean piggies they were treated to six months' hard labor in the select establishment in Arbutnot Road.

THE production of books and maps in Germany, including new editions, during 1882 reached 14,794, as against 15,191 in 1881. Natural science, law and theology are all more weakly represented. Mathematics, philosophy and modern languages increase.

ACCORDING to an American contemporary, an English officer, who was four minutes under fire during the Egyptian War, has been given four medals. In the same proportion, if he had been under fire half a day, he would have needed a dray in which to carry home his decorations. Glory is becoming cheap.

THE Marquis of Salisbury has given permission to a special committee to catalogue and reproduce the treasures of manuscripts in his library at Hatfield House. Among them are the celebrated "Cecil Papers," consisting of letters and notes of the Queens Mary and Elizabeth, of Edward VI., James I., and Mary Stuart, whose publication cannot fail to add materially to the history of the Sixteenth century.

It is said that His Grace the Duke of Norfolk, premier Duke of England, tried to enter Palace Yard, London, during the Bradlaugh demonstration at the opening of Parliament, but was prevented by a policeman, who did not recognize him. In vain the Duke revealed his august dignity. "You a Peer?" cried the guardian of the law; "you're no peer; you're a Bradlaughite." And the Duke had to give it up as a bad job.

TEXAS, according to an American contemporary, has a Judge who means business when he talks about gambling. In an address to the Grand Jury, Judge Noonan of San Antonio reminded them of the glaring abuse of privilege, the shameful violation of law ever going on before their eyes, and of their utter and shameless failure to perform their bounden duty. "This is wrong," said the Judge, "and I will permit it no longer. If the Mayors of the cities, Justices of the Peace, District Attorneys, Sheriffs and other officers know that gambling is going on, it is their duty to have the parties brought to justice; if not, they are criminally liable themselves; and it is part of your duty to indict them for neglect of duty!"

PRINCE GORTCHAKOFF, the Russian ex-Chancellor, whose death at the age of 83 was announced on the 12th ultimo, was, says a San Francisco contemporary, a type of the old-school statesman and diplomat of that now distracted country. In the domestic politics of Russia he was the personification of aristocracy. He wanted to keep the Government in the hands of the nobles and the civil and military bureaucracy. He was devoted to the supremacy of the court party, and had no sympathy with the progress or liberal ideas. His statesmanship was diplomatic intrigue, and his ambition was to advance the position of Russia among the European powers. Since the day when such statesmen as he could have things all their own way, a new era has dawned on Russia. Something more important than foreign influence now engrosses the attention of her statesmen, and the domestic troubles occasion more solicitude than the situation of affairs on the Danube or in Central Asia. A different class of men from Gortchakoff is needed to govern the troubled realm in the latter half of the nineteenth century.

A CENSUS of Italy was taken in December, 1881, and the result has just been published. It shows that the entire population of the kingdom was, on that date, 28,951,374. On the corresponding date ten years previous, the population was 26,801,154. The increase for the decade was then 2,150,220, or only 8 per cent, for the ten years. This is not at all a favorable showing, even when compared with the neighboring countries of France and Germany, in each of which the increase has been during this period of ten years about 12 per cent. But it is somewhat better than the Empire of Austria, where the increase has only been at the rate of about 0.65 per cent. per annum, or 6.5 per cent. for ten years. According to this report the population of the principal cities in Italy are as follows: Naples, 454,314; Milan, 331,839; Rome (including 25,000 Government employés), 300,467; Turin, 253,832; Palermo, 244,991; Genoa, 179,515; Florence, 169,001; Venice, 133,826; Messina, 126,497; Bologna, 123,274; Catania, 100,471; Leghorn, 97,615. The colonial possessions of Italy are not as yet very important, being limited to the Bay of Assab, in Africa, at the entry to the Red Sea, with a population, according to a consular estimate, of only 1193.

FROM home papers we note that the Glendalough case was concluded in the First Division of the Court of Session, Edinburgh, on March 15th before four judges. Their lordships all agreed that the three crofters had been guilty of a breach of interdict, and Lord Justice-General Inglis, in passing what he described as the lenient sentence of two months' imprisonment, said Scotland was a land of peace and order, but this happy condition would soon be reversed if persons were permitted to take the law into their own hands, and for the purpose of promoting their own interest, or what they believed to be their rights, to set at defiance the orders of a court of justice. It was necessary to check such proceedings. In the present case the Court were disposed to be lenient, because they thought the offenders had been misled by the very bad advice of persons who, if not evil disposed and malevolent, were chargeable with almost incredible folly. He counselled them to shun such erring guides for the future, if they would avoid much more serious consequences. If anyone suffered a legal wrong, the law would redress it, and the courts were open to rich and poor alike. If the law was wrong the remedy was in legislation, and in Parliament there was no lack of men who would champion the poor man's cause and secure him justice. The three crofters were then arrested by an officer, and off being conducted from the Court buildings to the prison were loudly cheered by a crowd of respectable people. The sentence is said to be severer than was expected.

MARSHAL BAZAINE's book defending his course of action at the siege of Metz, is dedicated to ex-Queen Isabella of Spain. The Marshal considers that the defensive qualities of Alsace and Lorraine were not utilized to their full extent. He asserts that the disorganization of the War Department at the beginning of the war rendered it impossible to obtain useful information or instructions from headquarters.

SAYS the *Daily News*—Six of the crew of the barquentine *Union* have been landed at Liverpool by the steamer *Alaska*, from New York, and give particulars of their rescue at sea after having undergone severe sufferings. According to the statement of the men the *Union* left Rio Grande do Sul for Liverpool on the 21st November, and was abandoned on the 3rd February, 120 miles off Queenstown. She was then a complete wreck. It seems that the vessel had good weather until about 200 miles from the Western Islands, when she encountered nothing but continuous gales. On the 25th of January the vessel's rudder was smashed by a sea, rendering her completely helpless. Temporary steering apparatus was endeavored to be fixed, but without effect. On the 1st of February the seas dashed over the deck with terrific force, making the vessel roll fearfully, and tearing out all her masts, which went over the side of the vessel. The bulwarks were smashed, and the boats, galley, and everything else swept from the deck, which was then about level with the sea. The crew could not go to their quarters, as they were afraid of being drowned. For some time previous to this the food had run short and the men had been living on a little biscuit and water. The galley being swept away there was no means of making a fire, and a live pig which was on board was killed and had to be eaten raw. Distress signals were exhibited on the stump of one of the masts, and these were seen on the morning of Feb. 3 by the Spanish steamer *Gallega*, which bore down upon the helpless craft. The weather was then very heavy, and the steamer herself had previously lost a lifeboat. Nevertheless, a boat was lowered and pulled to the *Union*. Although there were only six of the crew, it was necessary, on account of the severe weather, to make two trips before all the men could be rescued. When taken on board the Spanish steamer most of the men were in a shocking state from exposure and want of proper food, and for the most part were seriously affected with boils over their bodies. There was no doctor on board the Spanish steamer, but the shipwrecked men received the utmost attention from the captain and crew generally, and almost every morning had their wounds dressed by the chief officer. After being on board the *Gallega* 21 days the men were landed at Havannah and were subsequently taken to New York. On arrival at Liverpool several of the men were received at the Sailors' Home. The *Union* was a barquentine, built at Whiteinch in 1859, and was the property of William Gunn, Granton. The men speak in the highest possible terms of the very kind treatment they received at the hands of the captain and crew of the *Gallega*.

CHEUNG ATAT, a shroff, was this morning again brought up before Mr. Wodehouse on suspicion of having stolen 7 revolvers, 19 gold coins, and \$65 in paper money, the whole amounting in value to \$300, on the 21st instant. Monsieur François Vincent, a storekeeper at No. 8, Peel Street, stated that last Saturday at 5.30 a.m., he went down to open the store, and was astonished to find the door already open and the drawer in which he kept his valuables lying on the floor, close to the open door. The drawer was locked the previous evening, and contained \$65 in bank-notes, 19 English Sovereigns, and three or four dollars in silver change. The drawer had been to all appearances forced open with a chisel. On proceeding to examine the other parts of the shop, there were missing a show case, and 7 revolvers valued three of them at \$12, two at \$8, and two at \$5 each. He said he could identify the revolvers if he saw them as he had a few more of the same pattern. The door in question is the front one and has an iron bar to fasten it from the inside. It was the prisoner's business to have this bolted every evening. The prisoner is an assistant coolie in his employment, and has general work to do in the shop. He also found that the iron bar and the screws with which the windows are fastened from the inside were lying on the floor. Prisoner sleeps out of the house. After examining the shop he went to report the matter to the police. Ho Liu Choy, an inmate of the Pau Fa licensed brothel in West-street, stated that he was acquainted with the defendant, who had been for the last eight nights in the habit of visiting her. Last Friday Cheung came at 10 o'clock in the evening, and stayed there until 5.30 next morning. Cheung was indebted to her in the sum of \$5 for five nights' rest in her house. When he came in that evening he pulled out of his pocket a bundle of bank notes. She could not say what amount of money Cheung had in the bundle, but she asked him to pay her what he owed. He said that the money was his master's and that he had an account to settle with him. He said he would bring the money the next evening, but did not say where he was bound for that morning. Chun Yee Cha, a doctor, stated that he lived in No. 22 Lower Macao Road. He knew the defendant as a pill collector and occasionally visited him. At 8 p.m. on the 20th Cheung gave him a call, and said he was feeling feverish and would therefore be glad to have a blister. He also said he had just received a few dollars and offered him the doctor's service. He was still in bed, as some time back he had asked Cheung to assist him. He asked for \$30 which Cheung handed to him in two ten-dollar notes, placing the other notes back into his pocket. He could not say what was the amount of money Cheung had with him then and did not know where he got them from. Mr. Vincent was recalled, and stated that the defendant's wages were \$10 per month, and he had been in his employment only two weeks. At this stage of the proceedings his Worship further examined the case for a week.

It is reported that the revision of the treaty between Great Britain and Madagascar has made satisfactory progress. The Malagasy Envoys have accepted the proposals of Lord Granville respecting the prolongation of land leases to British subjects.

We have received particulars of "An Assault at Arms" to be given by "The Buffs"—by kind permission of Colonel Hobson—in the Garrison Gymnasium on Saturday next, the 28th instant, and gladly give publicity to the same. The following is the programme:—

Sergt. Instructor Mulholland and Cr. Sergt. Giles.
SWORD AND BAYONET.
Lieut. D'Aeth and Cr. Sergt. Giles.
SINGING STICK.
Sergt. Instructor Mulholland and Cr. Sergt. Giles.
BOXING.
Pte. Ashworth and Pte. Chamberlain.
QUARTER STAFF.
Pte. Mulholland and Pte. Sheppard.
BROAD SWORD.
Sergt. Instructor Mulholland and Cr. Sergt. Giles.
VAULTING HORSE.
Officers, N.C. Officers and Men.

INTERVAL.
Bayonet exercise by a squad of "The Buffs."
FENCING AND SALUTE.
Sergt. Instr. Mulholland and Cr. Sergt. Giles.
Pte. Ashworth, Pte. Chamberlain, Pte. Mulholland, Pte. Sheppard, Pte. Jones, Pte. Holland.
BAYONET & BAYONET.
Cr. Sergt. Giles and Pte. Jones.
BOXING.
Pte. Jones and Pte. Holland.
SINGLE AND DOUBLE.
Sergt. Instr. Mulholland and Cr. Sergt. Giles.
Sergt. West, Pte. Chamberlain, Cr. Sergt. West, Pte. Sheppard.

PARALLEL BARS.
Officers, Non-Com. Officers and Men.
HORIZONTAL BAR.
Officers, Non-Com. Officers and Men.
Proceedings will commence at 3 p.m. and we presume the public will be courteously invited. The Band of the Regiment will be in attendance, and as the arrangements are in the hands of a committee of officers and non-commissioned officers, an afternoon's excellent and enjoyable sport should be provided. The entrance to the military gymnasium is, as most of our readers are doubtless aware, in the road at the back of Murray-Barnecks, almost directly opposite St. John's Cathedral.

GROUNDING OF THE STEAMSHIP "CARNARVONSHIRE."

Intelligence was received here yesterday by Messrs. Adamson, Bell & Co., that the steamer Carnarvonshire had gone ashore on the coast of Japan. The telegram was very brief and gave no particulars further than above stated. It is presumed the vessel went ashore somewhere between Yokohama and Kobe. The Carnarvonshire was comparatively a new vessel and was commanded by Captain W. Patrick.

JOHN PENDER.

We take the following interesting sketch of the career of "the man who has put a girdle round the earth" from an American contemporary:—
Mr. John Pender, M.P., who has returned to England after a brief visit to some of the Western States, has just been called the "Cable King." He is to submarine telegraphy what Huxley was to geology. He is the man who has put a girdle round the world in one of the streets of Liverpool, was to railroads. There is scarcely a cable enterprise in the world in which he is not interested either financially or in a managing point of view. He has made London the centre of the cable system of the world, and more than any other man, living or dead, has helped to bring every portion of the civilized world into almost instantaneous communication. "The progress we have made in this direction," said Mr. Pender some time ago, "is marvellous. Time and distance have been annihilated, and Puck's girdle round the world is a fact. I am travelling in the Indian country of the United States, in the far West, when the train having pulled up at the small station my secretary went to the telegraph office for dispatches. I then learned of the magnificent victory of Sir Garnet Wolseley on the very morning on which it had occurred. Was it not almost a miracle? From the pyramids to the home of the American red man, the lightning hurried and made to make thought and intelligence over two great continents, and under a great coast almost quicker than thought itself. I at once called my congratulations to Sir Garnet, and I have no doubt he received my dispatch before the smoke of the battle had cleared off."

Mr. Pender is 65 years of age. He is a Scotchman by birth. His parents belonged to that class of Scotchmen from whose ranks have come some of the greatest soldiers, lawyers, writers, merchants, bankers and manufacturers of the British Empire. He is about the medium height. His frame is massive; his head large, and his features handsome, regular and strong, giving the idea of great force of character and determination. He looks at least sixteen years younger than he really is. His manners are charming, and his conversation on the great projects in which he is interested is brilliant. When he was 6 or 7 years of age he was sent to the village school, in the Vale of Leven, Dunbartonshire, his native place. He remained there till he was 10 or 11, when he was sent to the High School at Glasgow. While yet a mere lad he was put to business in that city, and he had barely reached his majority when he was made manager of his business to which he was engaged. In a few years Mr. Pender extended the field of his operations to Manchester, retaining, however, his connection with Glasgow. Under his excellent business management his two establishments handled the greater portion of the products of the looms of the two cities. Year by year his firm became stronger and stronger, until at last with vast capital, it became as well known in the commercial centres of China and India, South America, Australia and Canada as in Lancashire. Mr. Pender's connection with telegraphy dates from about 1856, when Mr. Cyrus W. Field visited England with the Atlantic cable project. After a long and cautious investigation a company was formed on a basis of a capital of some £17,000,000. The shares were £5,000 each. Twenty-eight subscribers were found in Manchester, of whom Mr. Pender was one. "King" became a member of the Board of Directors that year, and from the very beginning gave the enterprise the benefit of his tireless energy and great ability.

Mr. Pender was one of the very few men who clung to the idea, and when, two or three years later, Mr. Field returned to England, with subscriptions amounting to the fabulous sum of \$500,000, he found him still enthusiastic on the subject. It was determined to raise \$2,000,000 as a capital. Mr. Thomas Brassey was the first to offer to be one of ten who would subscribe that amount. Mr. Field one evening met Mr. Pender on his way to the House of Commons, and during

the short walk Mr. Pender promised to subscribe an equal sum. Started under such auspices, the new company soon obtained its capital; but it was then that the greatest labour of the undertaking began to be experienced. There were no works where the cables could be made. Everything had to be begun *de novo*. It was in this emergency that Mr. Pender's genius and power of making combinations came into full play and activity. All the difficulties were at last overcome; England and America were united, and more than half the honour of its successful accomplishment justly belongs to the subject of this sketch.

About this time the scheme of telegraphic connection with India and the East began to be talked about. The Red Sea cable had already failed, and the whole project, owing to that mishap, was looked upon with coldness and distrust. The success of the Atlantic cable, however, revived faith in the undertaking, and Mr. Pender gave it his powerful support. He was made Chairman of the Eastern Telegraph Company. He went to work slowly and patiently. Line after line was built, until at last the immense cable system was completed which extends to India and Australasia, and along the Indian Ocean from Port Natal to Zanzibar and from Zanzibar to Aden. Mr. Pender, in addition to managing this great network of cables and telegraph lines, is the chairman of the Direct Cable Company to the United States; the chairman of the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company; of the Globe Trust and Telegraph Company; and of the London, River Plate and Brazil Telegraph Company. He was recently elected a director of the Western Union Company of the United States.

Mr. Pender is very generous. During the cotton famine in Manchester in 1863 he conceived the excellent idea of opening eating-houses where the suffering work-people could get food at cost. They were exceedingly successful, and did much to relieve the distressed operatives. In politics he is a Liberal, and at present represents in Parliament the Northern (or Wick) Burghs in Scotland. His London home is said to be one of the most delightful as a social centre in the English metropolis. It is the famous residence built by Charles the Second for Nell Gwynne. His artistic tastes are shown by the fact that he possesses many of the masterpieces of Turner and Landseer.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING AND LOCOMOTION.

Professor Ayrton lectured before the members of the London Institution on the evening of the 15th ulto, upon the subject of "Electric Lighting and Locomotion." There was one case, he said, where the driving of fans by electro-motors appeared to him to be at the present moment of vital importance to us as citizens of London. For years past he had gone on breathing the foul air in the Underground Railway. Why, he asked, did we not put fans at suitable intervals along the tunnel attached to pipes for extracting the bad air? The fans could not of course be driven by steam engines, but an electro-motor attached directly to each fan would furnish the driving power without introducing any inconvenience whatever. No gearing would be necessary; a single insulating going and return wire would convey from motor to motor the electric power produced by a large dynamo outside the tunnel, and a steam engine might puff away in some back yard, and by this means give us the Underground Railway. Under the same railway, referring to electric railways, the lecturer described a plan which he and Professor Perry had devised for overcoming the difficulty of leakage owing to imperfect insulation. They had also invented an absolute automatic brake which acts as if the steam were automatically shut off, and the brake put on whenever the train is running into danger. Professor Ayrton next referred to the application of electricity to domestic uses, remarking that the electricity which would be supplied, as gas is now supplied, to houses for lighting purposes, would be employed to drive the power to work electric motors which would turn knife-cleaners, a wheel for blacking boots, &c. A small motor, carrying a brush would simply be passed by the servant all over the grate for the purpose of giving it a good black polish. The black-lead brush would then be taken off and replaced by the blacking brush for the boots, and later on a "rotary flannel" would facilitate for the door steps. In the legislation which had recently taken place in connection with the commercial supply of electricity, he pointed out that a mistaken notion had grown up that the quantity of electricity is what should be recorded, and not electric energy, in which no work is done by the rider, but little black boxes, carried on the base-board, contain the stored electric energy, pretty much in the same way as a horse's body contains its breakfast of oats and hay. This tri-cyclic had run an average of eight miles in 84 minutes, carrying a man of average weight, and the close of the lecture, which was illustrated by many interesting experiments, the members adjourned to the library, where the tri-cyclic was set in motion by the professor, who showed much skill in guiding it through the crowded room. It travelled with perfect ease round the long library table, and its rate of speed was regulated without any apparent difficulty. —Daily News.

Today's Advertisements.

FOR SINGAPORE AND PENANG.
THE Steamship
"CHARLES TOWNSEND HOOK"
will be dispatched for the above Ports, TO-DAY, the 24th inst., at 5 P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
AH YON & Co.,
80, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 18th April, 1883. [293]

UNION LINE
FOR YOKOHAMA.
THE Steamship
"MOSSER."
Captain Longley, due on or about the 25th inst., will have immediate despatch for the above Port.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.,
Hongkong, 24th April, 1883. [319]

NOTICE.
A GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the ENGINEERS' INSTITUTE will be held in the Hall of the Institute THIS EVENING, TUESDAY, the 24th April, 1883, at EIGHT P.M.
J. K. REBECK,
Hon. Secretary.
Hongkong, 24th April, 1883. [320]

Intimations.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.
THE DIRECTORS are now prepared to receive TENDERS from suitable persons for a term of FIVE YEARS, for the lease of the HONGKONG HOTEL, with FURNITURE complete.

The Building (together with a powerful passenger lift) will comprise after the proposed alterations and additions have been completed, viz:—

THE BASEMENT.
Two Grand Entrances from Pedder's Street and Queen's Road. Bar, Billiard, Reading and Smoking Rooms with separate Entrance from Pedder's Street.
A handsomely fitted up Ladies' Room, for the use of visitors and others.
Manager's and General Offices, Kitchens, Store Rooms, &c. &c.
FIRST FLOOR.
A Public Dining Room capable of dining upwards of 170 persons at the same time.
ONE LARGE BREAKFAST ROOM.
FIVE elegant and beautifully fitted up suite of ROOMS, consisting of a Private DINING ROOM, DRAWING ROOM, CARD ROOM, READING ROOM, and BILLIARD ROOM.

TEN Bed Rooms with a Bathroom to each.
SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS.
Have each 26 lofty and well ventilated and lighted Bed Rooms, opening on to large Verandahs with a commodious Bath Room for each room.
All the Passages and Corridors throughout the premises are wide and well lighted, most of the furniture will be new and made expressly for the climate.

The special attention of Hotel Keepers and others is drawn to the unusual advantages offered.
Tenders to state sum per annum, and to include taxes. No Tender under \$3,500 per annum will be entertained by the Directors.
Hongkong, 16th April, 1883. [292]

THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given that a GENERAL MEETING of the COMPANY, will be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of May, 1883, at TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON, when the following Special Resolutions will be proposed:
1.—That the Capital of the HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY LIMITED, be increased from \$200,000 to \$300,000 by the issue of 1,000 new shares of \$100 each to be issued at par.
2.—That each of the said new shares be paid for by the following Calls, that is to say, The sum of \$50 shall be paid in respect of each of the said new shares on the 30th September, 1883, and the balance payable in respect of each of the said new shares shall be paid at such times thereafter, and in such sums any one of which shall not exceed \$25, as the Board of Directors of the Company shall think fit.
3.—That the said new shares be offered in the first instance in such manner, and at such times, as the Board shall think expedient to the persons who shall, on the 30th day of June, 1883, be the registered Holders of the old or present shares, in the proportion of one new share for every two of the said old or present shares, and accepted by the said old or present shareholders, or not, within the time limited for that purpose by the Board, and that any new share, or shares, which shall have been offered in manner aforesaid and not accepted within the time limited for that purpose by the Board, shall be disposed of, and allotted, by the Board at such times, to such persons, at such prices, upon such terms—as to the amount of dividend to be paid thereon, or otherwise, and generally in such manner and way in every respect as the Board shall in its discretion direct in the interests of the Company.

4.—That subject and without prejudice to any direction of the Board to the contrary, made in pursuance of the immediately preceding resolution, holders for the time being of the said new shares shall be entitled, as from the date of the acceptance thereof within the meaning of Regulation No. 10 of the Articles of Association of the Company to participate in the dividend for the year 1883 to the extent hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:
(a)—They shall not be entitled to receive any part of the dividend distributable in respect of the nine Calendar months ending on the 30th September 1883.
(b)—When and so soon as the dividend for the Three Calendar months ending on the 31st December, 1883, shall have been ascertained and become payable in pursuance of the said Articles of Association, it shall be distributed amongst the holders for the time being of the said old or present shares and the holders for the time being of the said new shares in proportion to the number of shares respectively held by them, and the amount of such dividend to be received by the holders for the time being of the said new shares shall be (unless the said new shares respectively shall be fully paid up) estimated, not upon the price of issue, nor upon the current market price of the said new shares respectively, but upon the amount which shall, at the time that such dividend shall become payable, have been paid by way of call by the holders for the time being of the said new shares respectively.

5.—That the dividend for the year 1884, and every subsequent year shall be distributed amongst the holders for the time being of the said old or present shares and the holders for the time being of the said new shares in proportion to the number of shares respectively held by them, and the amount of such last mentioned dividend to be received by the holders for the time being of the said new shares shall be (unless the said new shares respectively shall be fully paid up) estimated, not upon the price of issue, nor upon the current market price of the said new shares respectively, but upon the amount which shall, at the time that such dividend shall become payable, have been paid by way of call by the holders for the time being of the said new shares respectively.

6.—That the fees of one dollar, each mentioned in regulations Nos. 11, 12 and 30 of the said Articles of Association shall cease to be payable and that the said regulations shall be read as though no mention were therein made of the payment of any fees.
7.—That Regulation No. 33 providing for the payment of a fee of half a dollar in respect of every transfer or transmission of Shares in the Company shall be expunged from the said Articles of Association.
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 16th April, 1883. [293]

NOTICE.
BOOKBINDING AND RULING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES EXECUTED AT VERY LOW RATES AT THE
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE.
Account Books ruled to any pattern.
Music bound in Elegant Style with Best Materials.
"TELEGRAPH" OFFICE, HONGKONG.

Intimations.
MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD.
JUST RECEIVED.

FANCY Decorated Bohemian Glass-Ware Watch Stands, Toilet and Perfumery Stands of Parisian Manufacture, in great variety and elegant designs.
Fancy China-ware Card Trays, Pin Cushions and Powder Cases. Plush and Velvet Work Boxes and Perfumery Stands with superior Cutlery and Cut-glass Scent Bottles.
New and Fancy lot of Walking Sticks. Pinnaud's Perfumery, Soaps, Sachets, &c.
Fancy Clocks Embedded in Porcelain-ware Plates, latest Novelty of Paris, executed in handsome and elegant designs.
New Patent Double-Action Corkscrews. Ladies' Silk Fringing Machines.
Blair-rod and Cherry-wood Pipes with receptacles for receiving and preventing the juice from running into the mouth.
Real Meerschaum and Amber Cigarette Holders. Nickel and Leather Dog Leads and Collars. Fox-tail Dusters.

ALSO THE FOLLOWING OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURE:—
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES.
LONE FISHERMAN CIGARETTES.
FRUITS & FLOWERS CIGARETTES.
S. MEYERS,
MANAGER.
Hongkong, 23rd April, 1883. [28]

Intimations.
NOTICE.
THE GOLDEN SCISSOR,
No. 13, PUTTINGER STREET.
A. M. ROBIN
(LATE OF T. M. LAWSON'S, CALCUTTA)
TAILOR, Shirt and Breeches Maker and General Outfitter. Mr. ROBIN invites Public Patronage and guarantees a perfect fit at Moderate Charges.
N.B.—Note the address.
THE GOLDEN SCISSOR,
No. 13, Puttinger Street.
Hongkong, 26th March, 1883. [234]

STAG HOTEL,
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
GOOD ACCOMMODATION FOR VISITORS.
ENGLISH & AMERICAN BILLIARDS.
Dinner at One o'clock, Dinner at 7 o'clock.
J. COOK, Proprietor.
475]

J. M. GUEDES.
HOUSE AND LAND BROKER,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION AGENT.
No. 33, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. [13]

F. D. GUEDES.
WINE MERCHANT AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.
No. 5, D'AGUILAR STREET.
HAS always on hand a large assortment of CHOICE WINES of the best quality, at Moderate Prices.
Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [663]

G. FALCONER & CO.
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS.
AND
JEWELLERS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS.
No. 46, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [434]

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.
OREGON PINE SPARS AND LUMBER ALWAYS ON HAND.
L. MALLORY,
Proprietor.
Hongkong, 24th June, 1881. [459]

C. L. THEVENIN.
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT.
HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.
HAS FOR SALE
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WHITE AND RED BURGUNDIES
AT MODERATE PRICES.
A Capital AMONTILLADO SHERRY.
Assorted LIQUEURS of the best quality.
BON BONS, FRENCH PRESERVES,
FRESH BUTTER and CHEESE by Every French Mail, PERFUMERY, &c. &c.
Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [6]

WILLIAM SCHMIDT & CO.
GUNMAKERS & AMMUNITION DEALERS.
BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.
Arms, Ammunitions, and Requisites of every description.
Arms Repaired, Cleaned, or Converted at moderate charges.
Sporting Guns and Ammunition always on hand.
CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.
CHRONOMETER, WATCH AND CLOCK-MAKERS.
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NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Sole Agents.
For Louis Audemars' Watches awarded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition, and for Voigtlander and Sohn's celebrated OPERA-GUASSES, MARINE GLASSES, AND SPYGLASSES.
No. 38, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [447]

"NOVELTY STORE," MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD. JUST RECEIVED.

FANCY Decorated Bohemian Glass-Ware Watch Stands, Toilet and Perfumery Stands of Parisian Manufacture, in great variety and elegant designs.
Fancy China-ware Card Trays, Pin Cushions and Powder Cases. Plush and Velvet Work Boxes and Perfumery Stands with superior Cutlery and Cut-glass Scent Bottles.
New and Fancy lot of Walking Sticks. Pinnaud's Perfumery, Soaps, Sachets, &c.
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Hongkong, 26th March, 1883. [234]

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Hongkong, 26th March, 1883. [234]

Intimations. C. H. E. N. A. M. GOLD AND SILVERSMITH, WATCH MAKER AND ENG R A V E R, WATCHES CLEANED AND REPAIRED ON MODERATE TERMS. ALL WORK GUARANTEED. JEWELRY MADE AND REPAIRED. No. 72, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG. Hongkong, 6th April, 1882. [318]

Y E U Q U A.
SHIP, PORTRAIT, AND MINIATURE PAINTER.
PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS.
LANDSCAPES IN OIL AND WATER COLORS.
All Work Executed by First-Class Artists.
IVORY MINIATURES A SPECIALITY.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
No. 52, C, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, UPSTAIRS.
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 4th April, 1883. [356]

NOTICE.
THE Undersigned begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Foreign Community that he has resigned his Partnership in the "NAM-SING TAILOR SHOP" and has purchased an interest in the "SZE HING LONG SHOP," No. 100, Queen's Road Central, carrying on the business of TAILORS, OUTFITTERS, and GENERAL MERCHANTS. He hopes by strict attention to Business and Selling the Best Class of Goods at Moderate Prices to receive a share of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him in the past.
AH NAM,
Late (stout) Partner in the "NAM-SING Tailor Shop."
Hongkong, 16th April, 1883. [290]

A H O Y.
HOV LEE.
MERCHANT TAILOR, HAT, & CAP MAKER.
HAS for Sale, every description of Gentlemen's Scarves, Collars, Ties, Socks, Hats, &c. &c. Dealer in Chinese Silks of all kinds. Bamboo Blinds, Matings of own Manufacture. China Teapots in bamboo covers, Rattan Chairs, Silk Coats a Specialty, a perfect fit and best material guaranteed.
No. 112, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1882. [347]

S U N S H I N G.
DEALER IN SILKS.
CANTON and Shanghai Gauzes, Crape Shawls, Lacquered and Ivory Ware, Curios, &c. &c. The best house in the trade for high class Curios. GOLD and SILVER JEWELRY of the most artistic designs. Engraver on Stamps, Seals, &c. &c. The public and Travellers are invited to inspect the show rooms.
No. 62, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [298]

THE CITY OF MANILA CIGAR STORE.
HAS FOR SALE
CIGARS of all Brands, Imperiales, Caballeros, Vегуeros, Regalias, Londres, Nuevo Habanos of all makes, quality guaranteed. TOBACCOS of all Brands, at moderate prices. FANCY GOODS from the Panian markets, Meerschaum Pipes, Jewellery of Choice Designs. Sun Hats, &c. &c.; Commissions Executed.
JOSE M. BASA.
No. 51, B, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [397]

